



LC86P7148

8-Bit Single Chip Microcontroller with One-Time Programmable PROM

Preliminary

Overview

The LC86P7148 is a CMOS 8-bit single chip microcontroller with one-time PROM for the LC867100 series. This microcontroller has the function and the pin description of the LC867100 series mask ROM version, and 48K-byte PROM. QFP package are available for shipping as well as LC867100 series. It is suitable to set up first release, prototyping, developing and testing of set.

Features

- (1) Option switching by PROM data

The option function of the LC867100 series can be specified by the PROM data.

LC86P7148 can be checked the functions of the trial pieces using the mass production board.

- (2) Internal one-time PROM capacity : 49152 bytes

- (3) Internal RAM capacity : 1152 bytes

Used PROM or RAM capacity are equal ROM or RAM capacity of mask ROM version which applies LC86P7148.

Mask ROM version	PROM capacity	RAM capacity
LC867148	49152 bytes	1152 bytes
LC867140	40960 bytes	1152 bytes
LC867132	32768 bytes	768 bytes
LC867128	28672 bytes	768 bytes
LC867124	24576 bytes	768 bytes
LC867120	20480 bytes	640 bytes
LC867116	16384 bytes	640 bytes
LC867112	12288 bytes	512 bytes
LC867108	8192 bytes	512 bytes

Programming service

We offers various services at nominal charges. These include the ROM writing, the ROM reading, the package stamping and the screening. Contact our representative for further information.

- Any and all SANYO products described or contained herein do not have specifications that can handle applications that require extremely high levels of reliability, such as life-support systems, aircraft's control systems, or other applications whose failure can be reasonably expected to result in serious physical and/or material damage. Consult with your SANYO representative nearest you before using any SANYO products described or contained herein in such applications.
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LC86P7148

- (4) Operating supply voltage : 4.5V to 6.0V
(5) Instruction cycle time : 1 μ s to 366 μ s
(6) Operating temperature : -30°C to +70°C
(7) The pin compatible with the LC867100 series mask ROM devices
(8) Applicable mask ROM version : LC867148/LC867140/LC867132/LC867128/LC867124/LC867120
/LC867116/LC867112/LC867108
(9) Factory shipment : QFP80E

Notice for use

LC86P7148 is provided for the first release and small shipping of the LC867100 series.
At using, take notice of the followings.

- (1) A point of difference LC86P7148 and LC867100 series

Item	LC86P7148	LC867148/40/32/28/24/20/16/12/08
Operation after reset releasing	The option is specified until 3ms after going to a 'H' level to the reset terminal by degrees. The program is executed from 00H of the program counter.	The program is executed from 00H of the program counter immediately after going to a 'H' level to the reset terminal.
Operating supply voltage range (VDD)	4.5V to 6.0V	2.5V to 6.0V
Total output current [Σ IOAL(2)] [Σ IOAL(3)]	Refer to 'electrical characteristics' on the semiconductor news.	
Power dissipation		

LC86P7148 uses 256 bytes that is addressed on 0FF00H to FFFFH in the program memory as the option configuration data area. This option configuration can execute all options which LC867100 series have. Next tables show the options that correspond and not correspond to LC86P7148.

- A kind of the option corresponding of the LC86P7148

A kind of option	Pins, Circuits	Contents of the option
Input/output form of input/output ports	Port 0 (specified in a bit)	1. Input : No Pull-up MOS Tr. Output: N-channel open drain *1
		2. Input : Pull-up MOS Tr. Output: CMOS *2
	Port 1 (specified in a bit) *1	1. Input : Programmable pull-up MOS Tr. Output: N-channel open drain
		2. Input : Programmable pull-up MOS Tr. Output : CMOS
Pull-up MOS Tr. of input port	Port 7 (specified in a bit) *1 Each of P74 and P75 has no option	1. No Pull-up MOS Tr. 2. Pull-up MOS Tr.

*1) Specified in a bit.

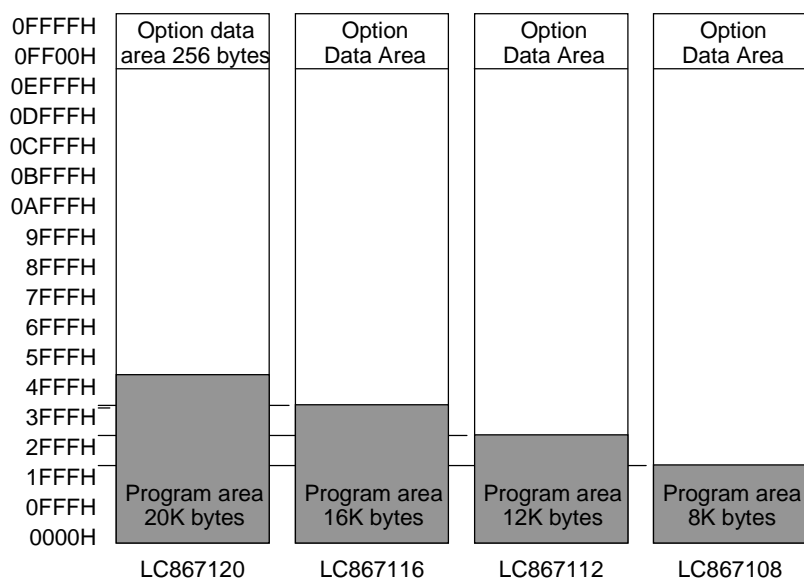
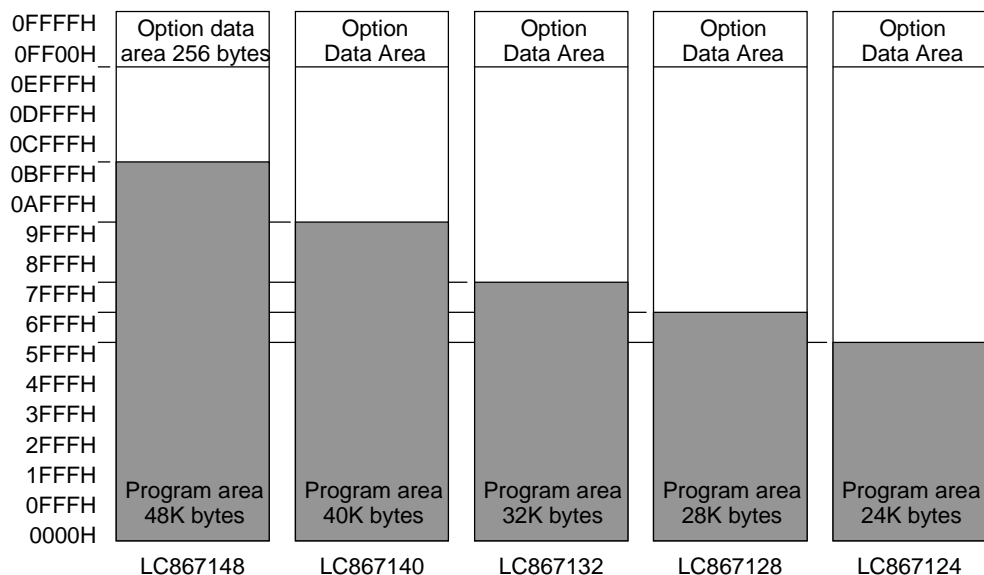
*2) Specified in nibble unit. Pull-up MOS Tr. is not provided in N-channel open drain output port.

(2) Option

The option data is created by the option specified program “SU86K.EXE”. The created option data is linked to the program area by linkage loader “L86K.EXE”.

(3) ROM space

LC86P7148 and LC867100 series use 256 bytes that is addressed on 0FF00H to 0FFFFH in the program memory as the option specified data area. These program memory capacity are 49152 bytes that is addressed on 0000H to 0BFFFH.



(4) Ordering information

1. When ordering the identical mask ROM and PROM devices simultaneously.

Provide an EPROM containing the target memory contents together with the separate order forms for each of the mask ROM and PROM versions.

2. When ordering a PROM device.

Provide an EPROM containing the target memory contents together with an order form.

How to use

(1) Specification of option

The LC86P7148 must be programmed after specifying option data. The option is specified by "SU86K.EXE". The specified option file and the file created by our macro assembler "M86K.EXE" are linked by our linkage loader "L86K.EXE" which creates .HEX file, then the option code is put in the option specified area (0FF00H to 0FFFFH) of its .HEX file.

(2) How to program for the EPROM

The LC86P7148 can be programmed by EPROM programmer with attachment ; W86EP7148Q

- Recommended EPROM programmer

Productor	EPROM programmer
Advantest	R4945, R4944, R4943
Andou	AF-9704
AVAL	PKW-1100, PKW-3000
Minato electronics	MODEL1890A

- "27512 (Vpp=12.5V) Intel high speed programming" mode available. The address must be set to "0 to 0FFFFH" and a jumper (DASEC) must be set to 'OFF' at programming.

(3) How to use the data security function

"Data security" is the disabled function to read the data of the EPROM.

The following is the process in order to execute the data security.

1. Set 'ON' the jumper of attachment.
2. Program again. Then EPROM programmer displays the error. The error means normally activity of the data security. It is not a trouble of the EPROM programmer or the LSI.

Notes

- Data security is not executed when the data of all address have 'FFH' at the sequence 2 above.
- The programming by a sequential operation "BLANK=>PROGRAM=>VERIFY" cannot be executed data security at the sequence 2 above.
- Set to 'OFF' the jumper after executing the data security.

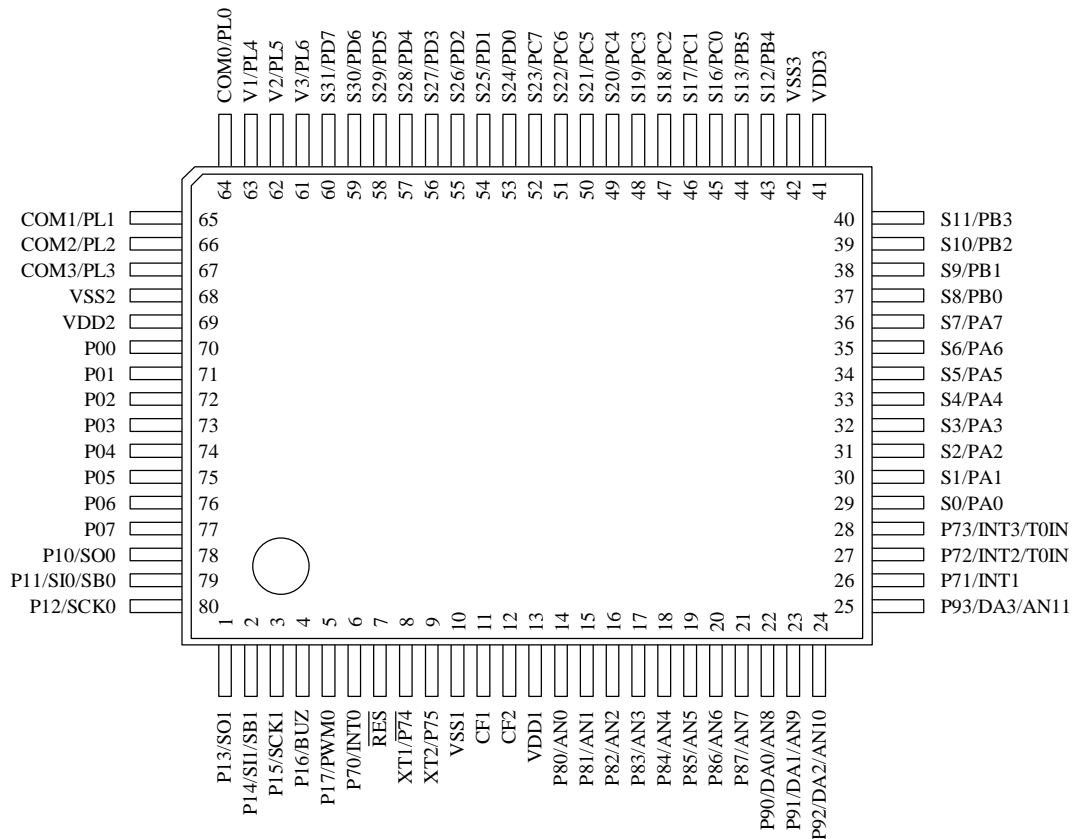
Data security



Not data security

W86EP7148Q

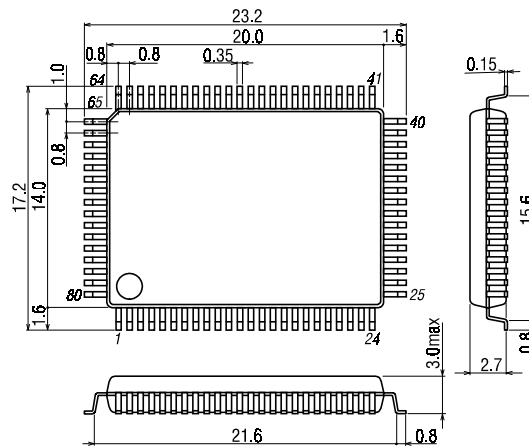
Pin Assignment



Package Dimension

(unit : mm)

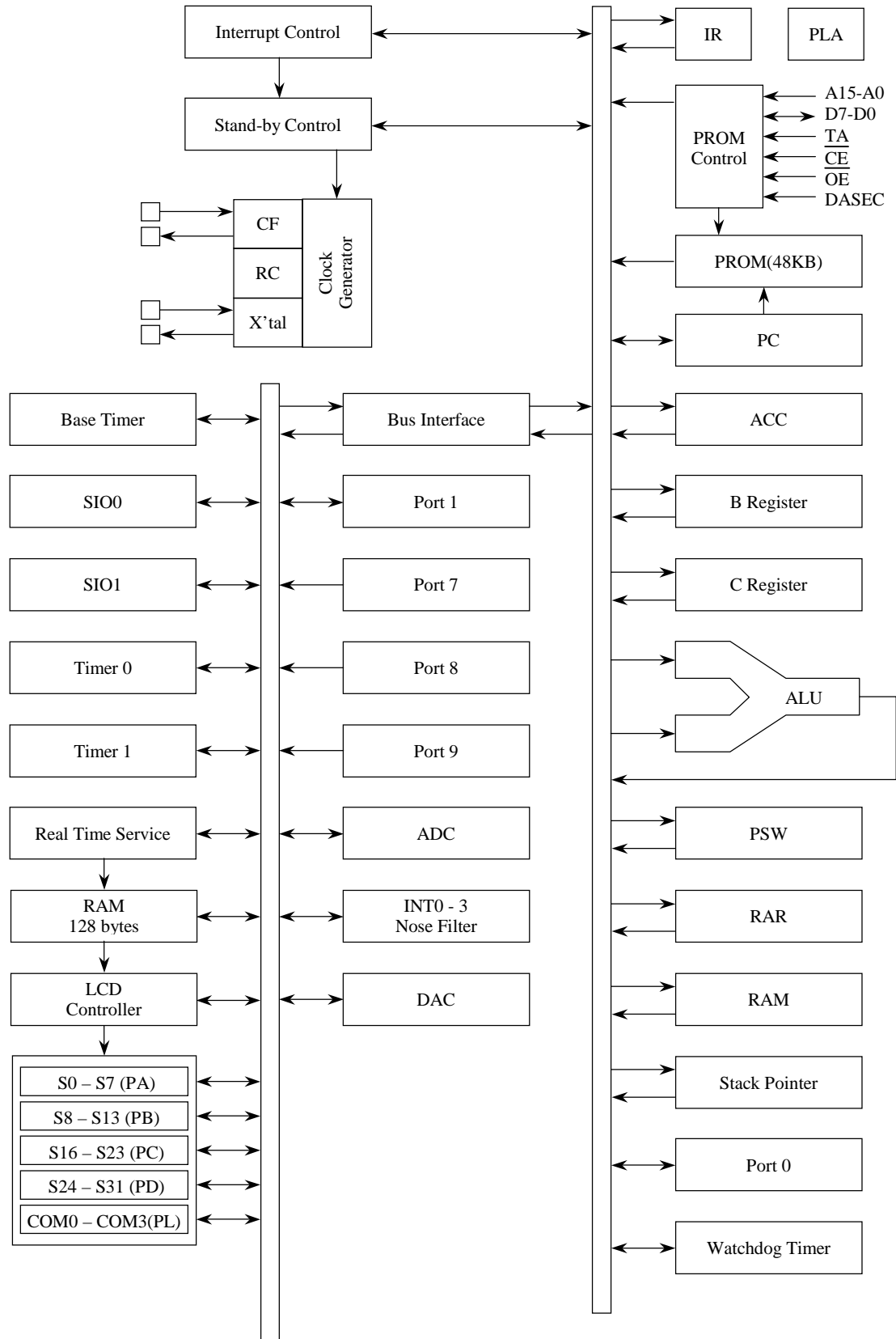
3174



SANYO : QIP-80E

- Notes
- The QFP packages should be heat-soaked for 12 hours at 125°C immediately prior to mounting (This baking is called pre-baking).
 - After pre-baking a controlled environment must be maintained until soldering. The environment must be held at a temperature of 30°C or less and a humidity level of 70% or less. Please solder within 24 hours.

System Block Diagram



No.6692-7/21

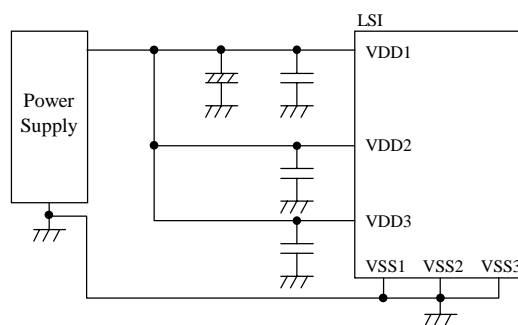
Pin name	I/O	Function description	Option	PROM mode
PORT A (S0/PA0 – S7/PA7)	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Segment output terminal for LCD display Can be used as a general input/output port 	-	Address input A0 to A7
PORT B (S8/PB0 – S13/PB5)	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Segment output terminal for LCD display Can be used as a general input/output port 	-	Address input A8 to A13
PORT C (S16/PC0 – S23/PC7)	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Segment output terminal for LCD display Can be used as a general input/output port 	-	PROM control signal input •TA(*5) Address input •A14,A15
PORT D (S24/PD0 – S31/PD7)	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Segment output terminal for LCD display Can be used as a general input/output port 	-	
PORT L (COM0/PL0–COM3/PL3)	I/O	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Common output terminal for LCD display Can be used as a general input port 	-	
V1/PL4 – V3/PL6	I	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bias power terminal for LCD drive Can be used as a general input port 	-	
RES	I	Reset pin	-	
XT1/ $\overline{P74}$	I	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input pin for 32.768kHz crystal oscillation In case of non use, connect to VDD. Other function A general input port $\overline{P74}$ 	-	
XT2/P75	O (I)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Output pin for 32.768kHz crystal oscillation In case of non use, should be left unconnected Other function A general input port P75 	-	
CF1	I	Input pin for ceramic resonator oscillation	-	
CF2	O	Output pin for ceramic resonator oscillation	-	

* All of port options can be specified in bit unit except the pull-up resistor of port 0.

[Notes] • The VDD1, VDD2 and VDD3 terminals must be shorted electrically each other.

• The VSS1, VSS2 and VSS3 terminals must be shorted electrically each other.

*1 Connect like the following figure to reduce noise into a VDD terminals.



*2 Memory select input for data security

*3 Output enable input

*4 Chip enable input

*5 TA → PROM control signal input

1. Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25°C, VSS=VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=0V

Parameter		Symbol	Pins	Conditions	VDD[V]	Ratings			unit
						min.	typ.	max.	
Supply voltage		VDDMAX	VDD1, VDD2 VDD3	VDD1=VDD2= VDD3		-0.3		+7.0	V
LCD display voltage		VLCD	V1/PL6, V2/PL5 V3/PL4	VDD1=VDD2= VDD3		-0.3		VDD	
Input voltage		VI	•Ports 71, 72, 73 •Ports 74, 75 •Port 8, Port L •RES			-0.3		VDD+0.3	
Input/output voltage		VIO	•Ports 0, 1 •Port 9 •Ports A, B, C, D			-0.3		VDD+0.3	
High level output current	Peak output current	IOPH(1)	Ports 0, 1	•CMOS output •At each pins		-4			mA
		IOPH(2)	Ports A, B, C, D			-4			
		IOPH(3)	Port 9			-4			
	Total output current	ΣIOAH(1)	Ports 0, 1	Total all pins		-30			
		ΣIOAH(2)	Ports A, B	Total all pins		-20			
		ΣIOAH(3)	Ports C, D	Total all pins		-20			
		ΣIOAH(4)	Port 9	Total all pins		-20			
Low level output current	Peak output current	IOPL(1)	Ports 0, 1	At each pins				20	
		IOPL(2)	Ports A, B, C, D	At each pins				20	
		IOPL(3)	Port 9	At each pins				20	
		IOPL(4)	Port 70	At each pins				15	
	Total output current	ΣIOAL(1)	Ports 0, 1	Total all pins				40	
		ΣIOAL(2)	Ports A, B	Total all pins				24	
		ΣIOAL(3)	Ports C, D	Total all pins				24	
		ΣIOAL(4)	Port 9	Total all pins				15	
		ΣIOAL(5)	Port 70	Total all pins				10	
Maximum power dissipation		Pdmax	QFP80E	Ta=-30 to+70°C				515	mW
Operating temperature range		Topr				-30		+70	°C
Storage temperature range		Tstg				-65		+150	

Notes •The QFP packages should be heat-soaked for 12 hours at 125°C immediately prior to mounting (This baking is called pre-baking).
 •After pre-baking a controlled environment must be maintained until soldering. The environment must be held at a temperature of 30°C or less and a humidity level of 70% or less. Please solder within 24 hours.

2. Recommended Operating Range at Ta=-30°C to +70°C, VSS=VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=0V

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	VDD[V]	Ratings			unit
					min.	typ.	max.	
Operating supply voltage range	VDD(1)	VDD1,VDD2,VDD3	$0.98\mu\text{s} \leq t_{\text{CYC}} \leq 400\mu\text{s}$		4.5		6.0	V
	VDD(2)		$3.9\mu\text{s} \leq t_{\text{CYC}} \leq 400\mu\text{s}$		2.5		6.0	
Hold voltage	VHD	VDD1,VDD2,VDD3	RAMs and the registers hold voltage at HOLD mode.		2.0		6.0	
Input high voltage	VIH(1)	Port 0	Output disable	4.5-6.0	$0.4V_{\text{DD}} + 0.9$		VDD	
	VIH(2)	•Ports 1, 9 •Ports A, B, C, D •Ports 72, 73 (Schmitt)	Output disable	4.5-6.0	$0.75V_{\text{DD}}$		VDD	
	VIH(3)	•Port 70 Port input/interrupt •Port 71 • $\overline{\text{RES}}$ (Schmitt)	Output N-channel Tr. OFF	4.5-6.0	$0.75V_{\text{DD}}$		VDD	
	VIH(4)	Port 70 Watchdog timer	Output N-channel Tr. OFF	4.5-6.0	$0.9V_{\text{DD}}$		VDD	
	VIH(5)	•Port 8 •Ports $\overline{74}, 75$	Using as port	4.5-6.0	$0.75V_{\text{DD}}$		VDD	
Input low voltage	VIL(1)	Port 0	Output disable	4.5-6.0	VSS		$0.2V_{\text{DD}}$	
	VIL(2)	•Ports 1, 9 •Ports A, B, C, D •Ports 72, 73 (Schmitt)	Output disable	4.5-6.0	VSS		$0.25V_{\text{DD}}$	
	VIL(3)	•Port 70 Port input/interrupt •Port 71 • $\overline{\text{RES}}$ (Schmitt)	Output N-channel Tr. OFF	4.5-6.0	VSS		$0.25V_{\text{DD}}$	
	VIL(4)	Port 70 Watchdog timer	Output N-channel Tr. OFF	4.5-6.0	VSS		$0.8V_{\text{DD}} - 1.0$	
	VIL(5)	•Port 8 •Ports $\overline{74}, 75$	Using as port	4.5-6.0	VSS		$0.25V_{\text{DD}}$	
Operation cycle time	tCYC			4.5-6.0	0.98		400	μs

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	VDD[V]	Ratings			unit
					min.	typ.	max.	
Oscillation frequency range (Note 1)	FmCF(1)	CF1, CF2	•6MHz (ceramic resonator oscillation) •Refer to figure 1	4.5-6.0	5.88	6	6.12	MHz
	FmCF(2)	CF1, CF2	•3MHz (ceramic resonator oscillation) •Refer to figure 1	4.5-6.0	2.94	3	3.06	
	FmRC		RC oscillation	4.5-6.0	0.4	0.8	3.0	
	FsXtal	XT1, XT2	•32.768kHz (crystal oscillation) •Refer to figure 2	4.5-6.0		32.768		kHz
Oscillation stabilizing time period (Note 1)	tmsCF(1)	CF1, CF2	•6MHz (ceramic resonator oscillation) •Refer to figure 3	4.5-6.0		0.05	0.5	ms
	tmsCF(2)	CF1, CF2	•3MHz (ceramic resonator oscillation) •Refer to figure 3	4.5-6.0		0.10	1.00	
	tssXtal	XT1, XT2	•32.768kHz (crystal oscillation) •Refer to figure 3	4.5-6.0				s

(Note 1) The oscillation constant is shown on table 1 and table 2.

3. Electrical Characteristics at Ta=-30°C to +70°C, VSS=VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=0V

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	VDD[V]	Ratings			unit
					min.	typ.	max.	
Input high current	IIH(1)	•Port 1 •Port 0 without pull-up MOS Tr.	•Output disable •Pull-up MOS Tr. OFF. VIN=VDD (including the off-leak current of the output Tr.)	4.5-6.0			1	μ A
	IIH(2)	•Port 7 without pull-up MOS Tr. •Port 8	VIN=VDD	4.5-6.0			1	
	IIH(3)	Port 9	VIN=VDD	4.5-6.0			1	
	IIH(4)	Ports A, B, C, D, L	VIN=VDD	4.5-6.0			1	
	IIH(5)	$\overline{\text{RES}}$	VIN=VDD	4.5-6.0			1	
	IIH(6)	Ports $\overline{74}$, 75	Using as port VIN=VDD	4.5-6.0			1	
Input low current	IIL(1)	•Port 1 •Port 0 without pull-up MOS Tr.	•Output disable •Pull-up MOS Tr. OFF. VIN=VSS (including the off-leak current of the output Tr.)	4.5-6.0	-1			V
	IIL(2)	•Port 7 without pull-up MOS Tr. •Port 8	VIN=VSS	4.5-6.0	-1			
	IIL(3)	Port 9	VIN=VSS	4.5-6.0	-1			
	IIL(4)	Ports A, B, C, D, L	VIN=VSS	4.5-6.0	-1			
	IIL(5)	$\overline{\text{RES}}$	VIN=VSS	4.5-6.0	-1			
	IIL(6)	Ports $\overline{74}$, 75	Using as port VIN=VSS	4.5-6.0	-1			
Output high voltage	VOH(1)	Ports 0,1 of CMOS output	IOH=-1.0mA	4.5-6.0	VDD-1			V
	VOH(2)	•Port 9 of CMOS output •Ports A, B, C, D of CMOS output	IOH=-1.0mA	4.5-6.0	VDD-1			
Output low voltage	VOL(1)	Ports 0, 1	IOL=10mA	4.5-6.0			1.5	
	VOL(2)		IOL=1.6mA	4.5-6.0			0.4	
	VOL(3)	Port 70	IOL=1mA	4.5-6.0			0.4	
	VOL(4)	Port 9	IOL=6mA	4.5-6.0			1.5	
	VOL(5)		IOL=1.2mA	4.5-6.0			0.4	
	VOL(6)	Ports A, B, C, D of CMOS output	IOL=8mA	4.5-6.0			1.5	
	VOL(7)		IOL=1.6mA	4.5-6.0			0.4	

Continue.

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	VDD[V]	Ratings			unit
					min.	typ.	max.	
LCD output regulation	VODLS	S0 to S13, S16 to S31	•Deference voltage to ideal value •VLCD, 2/3VLCD, 1/3VLCD	4.5-6.0	0		±0.2	V
	VODLC	COM0 to COM3	•Deference voltage to ideal value •VLCD, 2/3VLCD, 1/2VLCD, 1/3VLCD	4.5-6.0	0		±0.2	
LCD ladder resistor	RLCD(1)		Resistance at a ladder resistor	4.5-6.0		60		kΩ
	RLCD(2)		•Resistance at a ladder resistor •1/2R mode	4.5-6.0		30		
Pull-up MOS Tr. resistor	Rpu	•Ports 0, 1 •Ports A, B, C, D •Ports 70, 71, 72, 73	VOH=0.9VDD	4.5-6.0	15	40	70	
Hysteresis voltage	VHIS	•Ports 0, 1 •Ports 70, 71, 72, 73 •RES	Output disable	4.5-6.0		0.1VDD		V
Pin capacitance	CP	All pins	•f=1MHz •Unmeasurement terminals for the input are set to VSS level. •Ta=25°C	4.5-6.0		10		pF

4. Serial Input/Output Characteristics at Ta=-30°C to +70°C, VSS=VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=0V

Parameter		Symbol	Pins	Conditions	VDD[V]	Ratings			unit
						min.	typ.	max.	
Serial clock	Input clock	Cycle	tCKCY(1)	SCK0, SCK1 Refer to figure 5.	4.5-6.0	2			tCYC
		Low Level pulse width	tCKL(1)		4.5-6.0	1			
		High Level pulse width	tCKH(1)		4.5-6.0	1			
	Output clock	Cycle	tCKCY(2)	SCK0, SCK1 •Use pull-up resistor (1kΩ) when open drain output. •Refer to figure 5.	4.5-6.0	2			
		Low Level pulse width	tCKL(2)		4.5-6.0		1/2 tCKCY		
		High Level pulse width	tCKH(2)		4.5-6.0		1/2 tCKCY		
Serial input	Data set up time		tICK	•SI0, SI1 •SB0, SB1 •Data set-up to SCK0, 1 •Data hold from SCK0, 1 •Refer to figure 5.	4.5-6.0	0.1			μs
	Data hold time		tCKI		4.5-6.0	0.1			
Serial output	Output delay time (Serial clock is external clock)		tCKO(1)	•SO0, SO1 •SB0, SB1 •Use pull-up resistor (1kΩ) when open drain output. •Data hold from SCK0, 1 •Refer to figure 5.	4.5-6.0			7/12tCYC +0.2	
	Output delay time (Serial clock is internal clock)		tCKO(2)		4.5-6.0			1/3tCYC +0.2	

5. Pulse Input Conditions at Ta=-30°C to +70°C, VSS=VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=0V

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	VDD[V]	Ratings			unit
					min.	typ.	max.	
High/low level pulse width	tPIH(1) tPIL(1)	•INT0, INT1 •INT2/T0IN	•Interrupt acceptable •Timer0-countable	4.5-6.0	1			tCYC
	tPIH(2) tPIL(2)	INT3/T0IN (The noise rejection clock is selected to 1/1.)	•Interrupt acceptable •Timer0-countable	4.5-6.0	2			
	tPIH(3) tPIL(3)	INT3/T0IN (The noise rejection clock is selected to 1/16.)	•Interrupt acceptable •Timer0-countable	4.5-6.0	32			
	tPIH(4) tPIL(4)	INT3/T0IN (The noise rejection clock is selected to 1/64.)	•Interrupt acceptable •Timer0-countable	4.5-6.0	128			
	tPIL(5)	$\overline{\text{RES}}$	Reset acceptable	4.5-6.0	200			μs

6. AD Converter Characteristics at Ta=-30°C to +70°C, VSS=VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=0V

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	VDD[V]	Ratings			unit
					min.	typ.	max.	
Resolution	NAD			4.5-6.0		8		bit
Absolute precision (Note 2)	ETAD			4.5-6.0			±1.5	LSB
Conversion time	tCAD		AD conversion time = 16 × tCYC (ADCR2=0) (Note 3)	4.5-6.0	15.68 (tCYC= 0.98μs)		65.28 (tCYC= 4.08μs)	μs
			AD conversion time = 32 × tCYC (ADCR2=1) (Note 3)		31.36 (tCYC= 0.98μs)		130.56 (tCYC= 4.08μs)	
Analog input voltage range	VAIN	AN0 - AN11		4.5-6.0	VSS		VDD	V
Analog port input current	IAINH		VAIN=VDD	4.5-6.0			1	μA
	IAINL		VAIN=VSS	4.5-6.0	-1			

(Note 2) Absolute precision excepts quantizing error (±1/2 LSB).

(Note 3) The conversion time means the time from executing the AD conversion instruction to setting the complete digital conversion value to the register.

7. DA Converter Characteristics at Ta=-30°C to +70°C, VSS=VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=0V

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	VDD[V]	Ratings			unit
					min.	typ.	max.	
Resolution	NDA			4.5-6.0		8		bit
Total error			8 bit mode	4.5-6.0			1.0	%
			9 bit mode				0.8	
			9.5 bit mode				0.7	
Settling time	tSAD		(Note 4)	4.5-6.0			0.5	μs
Analog output voltage range	VAOUT	DA0 to DA3	8 bit mode	4.5-6.0	VSS		VDD	V
			9 bit mode (1)		VSS		1/2VDD	
			9 bit mode (2)		1/2VDD		VDD	
			9.5 bit mode		1/3VDD		2/3VDD	
Output resistor	RODA		(Note 5)	4.5-6.0		4		kΩ

(Note 4) Settling time means the time from executing the DA conversion instruction to generating the analog voltage output corresponding to the digital data on the specific port.

(Note 5) DA data = 80H

8. Current Dissipation Characteristics at Ta=-30°C to +70°C, VSS=VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=0V

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	VDD[V]	Ratings			unit
					min.	typ.	max.	
Current dissipation during basic operation (Note 6)	IDDOP(1)	VDD1=VDD2=VDD3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •FmCF=6MHz Ceramic resonator oscillation •FsXtal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation •System clock : CF oscillation •Internal RC oscillation stops •1/1 divided 	4.5-6.0		15	30	mA
	IDDOP(2)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •FmCF=3MHz Ceramic resonator oscillation •FsXtal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation •System clock : CF oscillation •Internal RC oscillation stops •1/2 divided 	4.5-6.0		6	15	
	IDDOP(3)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •FmCF=0Hz (when oscillation stops) •FsXtal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation •System clock : RC oscillation •1/2 divided 	4.5-6.0		4	13	
	IDDOP(4)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •FmCF=0Hz (when oscillation stops) •FsXtal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation •System clock : crystal oscillation •Internal RC oscillation stops •1/2 divided 	4.5-6.0		4	9	

Continue.

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	VDD[V]	Ratings			unit
					min.	typ.	max.	
Current dissipation in HALT mode (Note 6)	IDDHALT(1)	VDD1= VDD2= VDD3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •HALT mode •FmCF=6MHz Ceramic resonator oscillation •FsXtal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation •System clock : CF oscillation •Internal RC oscillation stops •1/1 divided 	4.5-6.0		6	11	mA
	IDDHALT(2)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •HALT mode •FmCF=3MHz Ceramic resonator oscillation •FsXtal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation •System clock : CF oscillation •Internal RC oscillation stops •1/2 divided 	4.5-6.0		2.2	9	
	IDDHALT(3)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •HALT mode FmCF=0Hz (when oscillation stops) •FsXtal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation •System clock : RC oscillation •1/2 divided 	4.5-6.0		500	1700	μA
	IDDHALT(4)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •HALT mode FmCF=0Hz (when oscillation stops) •FsXtal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation •System clock : crystal oscillation •Internal RC oscillation stops •1/2 divided 	4.5-6.0		25	100	
	IDDHALT(5)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •HALT mode FmCF=0Hz (when oscillation stops) •FsXtal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation •System clock : crystal oscillation •Internal RC oscillation stops •1/2 divided 	4.5-6.0		0.05	30	
Current dissipation in HOLD mode (Note 6)	IDDHOLD(1)	VDD1= VDD2= VDD3	HOLD mode	4.5-6.0		0.05	30	

(Note 6) The currents of the output transistors and the pull-up MOS transistors are ignored.

Table 1. Ceramic resonator oscillation recommended constant (main clock)

Oscillation type	Maker	Oscillator	C1	C2
6MHz ceramic resonator oscillation	Murata	CSA6.00MG	33pF	33pF
		CST6.00MGW	on chip	
	Kyocera	KBR-6.0MSA	33pF	33pF
		PBRC6.00A(chip type)	33pF	33pF
		KBR-6.0MKS	on chip	
		PBRC6.00B(chip type)		
3MHz ceramic resonator oscillation	Murata	CSA3.00MG	33pF	33pF
		CST3.00MGW	on chip	
	Kyocera	KBR-3.0MS	47pF	47pF

* Both C1 and C2 must use K rank ($\pm 10\%$) and SL characteristics.

Table 2. Crystal oscillation guaranteed constant (sub clock)

Oscillation type	Maker	Oscillator	C3	C4
32.768kHz crystal oscillation				

- (Notes)
- Since the circuit pattern affects the oscillation frequency, place the oscillation-related parts as close to the oscillation pins as possible with the shortest possible pattern length.
 - If you use other oscillators herein, we provide no guarantee for the characteristics.

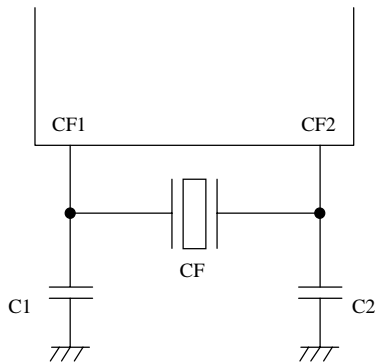


Figure 1 Ceramic oscillation circuit

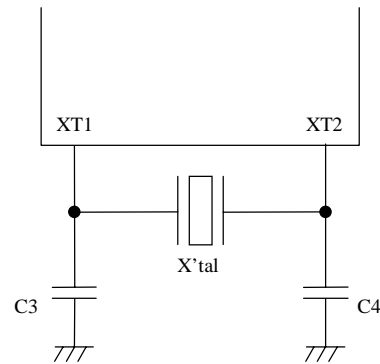


Figure 2 Crystal oscillation circuit

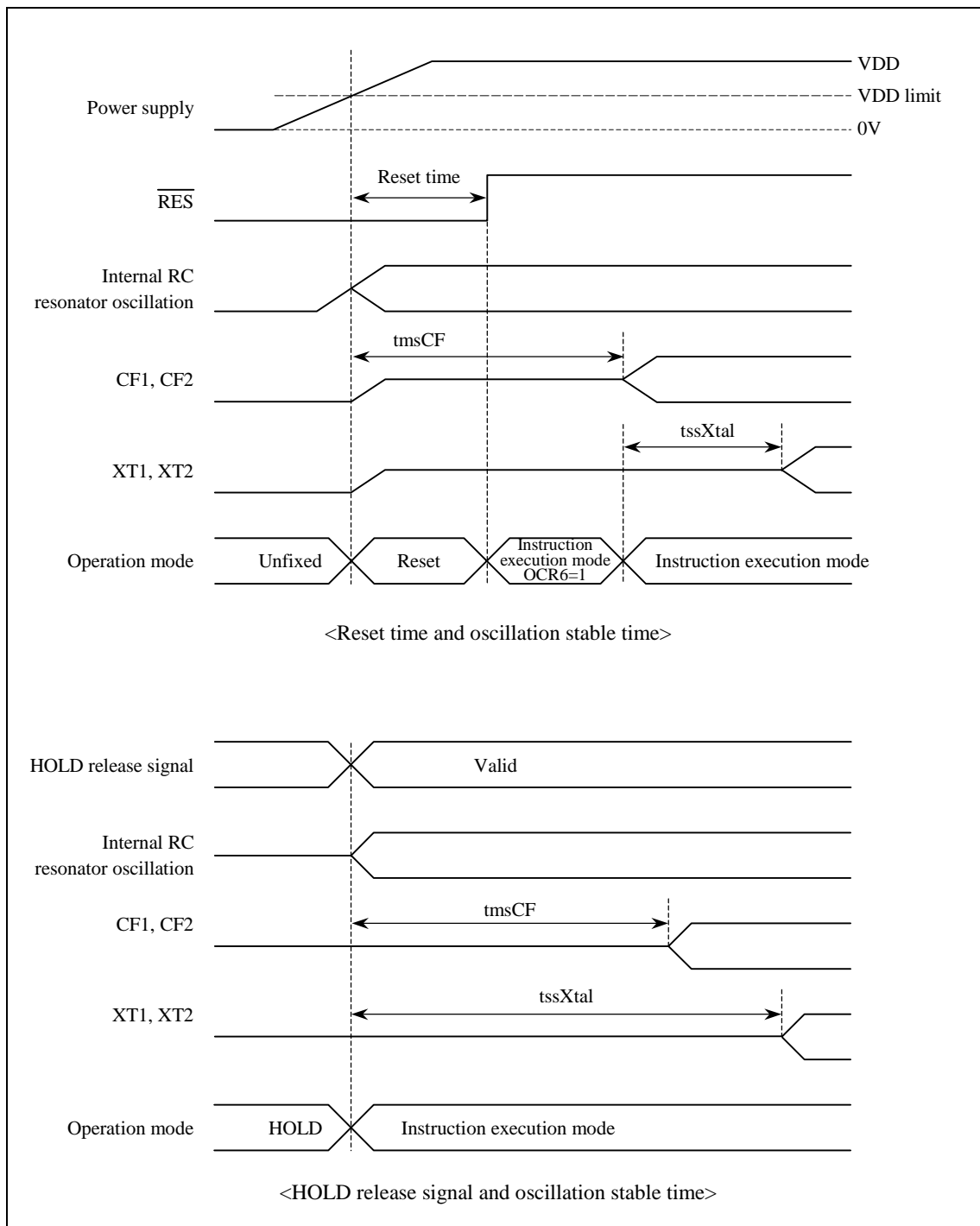
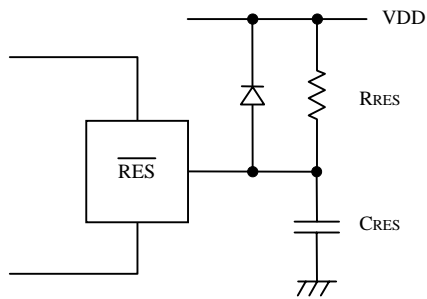


Figure 3 Oscillation stable time



(Note) Fix the value of CRES, RRES that is sure to reset until 200 μ s, after Power supply has been over inferior limit of supply voltage.

Figure 4 Reset circuit

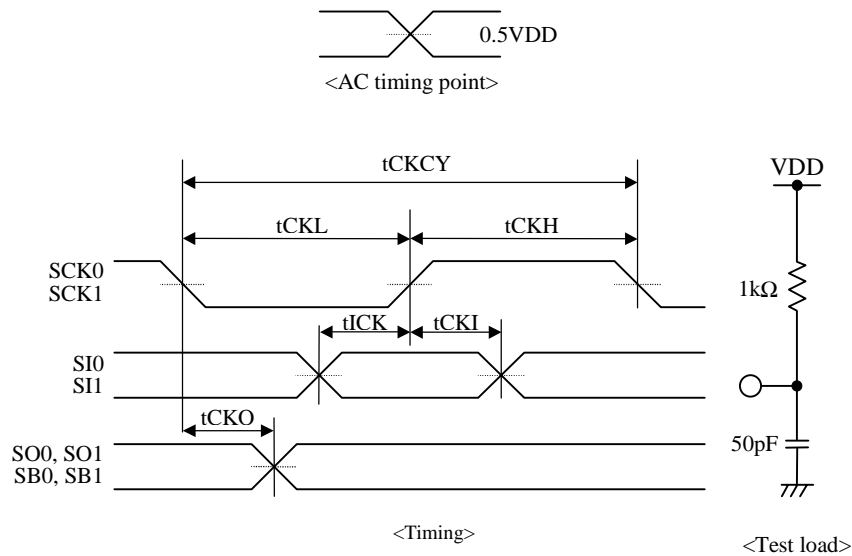


Figure 5 Serial input / output test condition

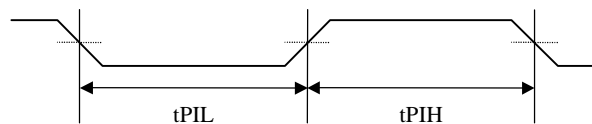
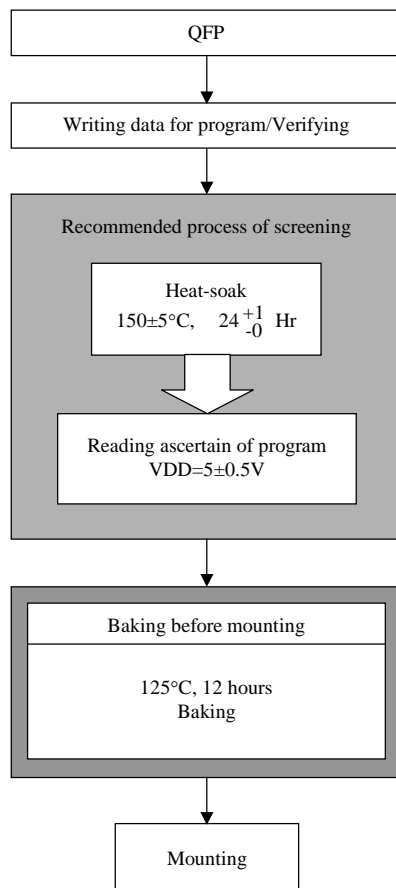


Figure 6 Pulse input timing condition

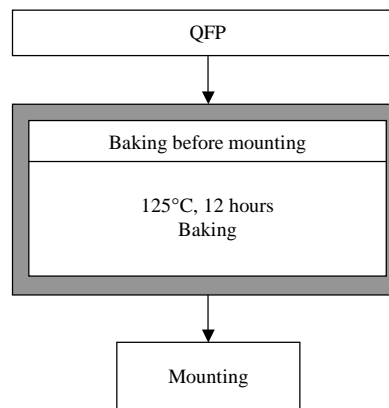
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- It is not possible to perform a writing test on the blank PROM.. 100% yield, therefore, cannot be guaranteed.
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The environment must be held at a temperature of 30°C or less and a humidity level of 70% or less.
- After opening the packing
The preparation procedures shown in the following figure should always be followed prior to mounting the packages on the substrate. Note that the QFP package should be heat-soaked for 12 hours at 125°C immediately prior to mounting (This baking is called pre-baking). After pre-baking, a controlled environment must be maintained until soldering. The environment must be held at a temperature of 30°C or less and a humidity level of 70% or less. Please solder within 24 hours.

a. Shipping with a blank PROM (Programming the data by yourself)



b. Shipping with a programmed PROM (Programming the data by Sanyo)



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